

Paul Allen
26 Walnut Grove
Redcar
TS10 3PG

Date: 19th January 2019

Bailiffs Office Area 4
Court Office at Teesside Combined Court
Russell Street
Middlesborough
Cleveland
TS1 2AE

Warrant Number: - 5A224193

Dear Sir/Madam

It is my understanding that you believe you had a Notice of eviction with the above reference number that was executed on the 5th October 2018 at 10:00 am. As you aware, all warrants from the county courts are restricted to a limit of £5000 and county court bailiffs only have therefore personal jurisdiction to execute warrants up to and including £5000 only.

I would also remind you that the N49 warrant for possession is **ONLY** applicable to tenants in rent arrears and **NOT** applicable to legally titled registered owners.

I have also obtained independent legal advice and have been granted a copy of the guidance notes for the EX96 and I would draw your attention to the rules therein.

- The entitlement to use force comes from the authority given by the person entitled to possession, and not by virtue of the warrant of possession.

Therefore, the warrant grants no authority. Further to this, the guidance note also states the following.

- Whilst the claimant can authorise the bailiff to use reasonable force to carry out the eviction, they are not **empowered** to instruct or order the bailiff to use such force, reasonable or otherwise.

by knowingly presenting this document in order to unlawfully steal property, you were committing the crime of uttering under the 1913 forgery act.

Uttering is a **crime** involving a person with the intent to defraud that knowingly sells, publishes or passes a **forged** or **counterfeited** document. More specifically, forgery creates a falsified document and uttering is the act of knowingly passing on or using the forged document. See the Forgery Act 1913 Section 6-uttering & Section 11-aiding and abetting.

Accessories and abettors

Any person who knowingly and wilfully aids, abets, counsels, causes, procures, or commands the commission of an offence punishable under this Act shall be liable to be dealt with, indicted, tried, and punished as a principal offender, this law also includes the police and yourself.

I would also like to draw your attention to criminal law act 1977 chapter 45.

OFFENCES RELATING TO ENTERING AND REMAINING ON PROPERTY

6 Violence for securing entry.

(1) Subject to the following provisions of this section, any person who, without lawful authority, uses or threatens violence for the purpose of securing entry into any premises for himself or for any other person is guilty of an offence, provided that—

(a) there is someone present on those premises at the time who is opposed to the entry which the violence is intended to secure; and

(b) the person using or threatening the violence knows that that is the case.

I have sought independent legal advice and therefore I have been legally guided to remind you of the limitations of the EX96 via the guidance notes as set out above.

As you have chosen to ignore the above, you have committed a crime in common law, accordingly this crime will now be reported to the police.

*Paul Allen CLC
Subject Solely to Common Law*

*Please address all future correspondence in this matter to the living man, namely Paul Allen, as commonly called.
Legalese is neither understood or recognised.*