



Common Law Courts Great Britain & International

THE-COMMON-LAW-INFORMATION-CENTRE-
FLEA-LANE-BALLYBOFEY-COUNTY-DONEGAL-éIRe
F93 WD54

08th July 2022

COURT ORDERS

CONFIRMING THE VERDICT OF THE COURT

In the matter of

The People (represented by Antonio-Maria:Mureddu), éIRe

(Claimant)

v

**Padraic Brennan (Revenue Sheriff), c/o Augustine Court, St Augustine Street, Galway,
County Galway H91VXT1**

(Defendant)

Dated: 08th July 2022

This case was heard 08th July 2022.

As part of the Claimants case, the following positions were accepted and established as **facts in law**, copies of the certificates were also lodged as evidence.

1. A Common Law Court Birth Certificate for :Antonio:Mureddu had been obtained, confirming his standing as a living man, under the jurisdiction of the Common Law Court.
2. A Business Ownership Certificate for the Fictious Name (MR ANTONIO MUREDDU) had been obtained by Antonio-Maria (the living man), confirming not only his ownership of this but that it also fell under the jurisdiction of the Common Law Court.

In relation to the Claimants case, :Antonio-Maria:Mureddu first read the following Declaration of the Common Law Court, this confirmed the standing of all living men and women under its authority.



Common Law Courts Great Britain & International

Declaration of the Common Law Court

3rd January 2019

To all living men and women, we hereby stand united and submit this declaration to the Common Law Court 'Book of Deeds' for preservation for all time.

We the people have inherent birth rights, established by our creator, which protect us from harm, loss and injury from others. For many years now, men and women have been subjected to criminal and fraudulent behaviour by the state's actions which have been imposed upon us, against our will, by both criminal coercion and legal deception. Fear and fiction have thus combined to bind us into slavery.

The state has committed attacks, injustices, killings, robberies, theft, unlawful imprisonment and countless other enormous outrages against the people, sparing no one on account of age, sex or position. To this robbery, slaughter and plunder they give the lying name of "Government", they have stripped us of our ancient freedoms and call it "progress".

We, the people, can no longer endure such assaults on our loved ones and personal freedoms and hereby confirm our inherent right to stand under the jurisdiction of the Common Law. Based, as it is, on the timeless laws which govern the conduct of men and were established by our creator in days of old and remembered and loved by our fathers as they built our nations. We will hold to this without ceasing for any man.

Borrowing from the declaration of our ancestors, made in Arbroath in 1320, we declare that, as long as but a hundred of us remain alive, never will we on any conditions be brought under mandatory rule by legal statute. It is in truth not for glory, nor riches, nor honours that we are fighting, but for freedom – for that alone, which no honest man gives up but with life itself.

This declaration is signed below by a sample of the men and women who stand united under the jurisdiction of the Common Law Court. This declaration is hereby recorded in to the Common Law Court 'Book of Deeds' on the 3rd January 2019 for preservation for all time.

On behalf of the people, :Antonio-Maria:Mureddu then presented his Statement of Claim, which consisted of details of the dispute, the alleged wrongs and the remedy sought.



Common Law Courts Great Britain & International

The Dispute

In relation to the dispute, the charges issued against the Defendant has been raised because of their criminal, fraudulent and unlawful behaviour.

It was stated that the Defendant was guilty of targeting the Claimants and his personal property (private dwelling) to cause him harm, financial loss, injury, and psychological stress. It was pointed out that the Defendant, as with all men and women was subject to common law and is held accountable for his actions in his personal and private capacity.

Alleged Wrong

The Defendant while committing crimes against the people have caused them harm, loss, and injury.

1. It had been confirmed that the Defendant was knowingly binding the people into slavery through the use of criminal coercion (attaching a legal entity/fiction to a living man/woman without their knowledge and consent).

The Claimant spoke at length to explain the following:

Within the statutory system, when a child is born, the parents are required to complete a birth entry, for which they will receive a birth certificate.

When the birth entry has been made the state create a legal entity/fiction which they attach to the child and for the rest of their life, the government/state use this to conduct business with them.

It was pointed out that unless the people had made a declaration of their birth with the Common Law Court, they do not exist as living men and women. There is no other form of ID available for living men and women unless it's confirmed by a lawful court.

The only ID available for confirming your standing were state documents, Driving Licence, Passport, Bank Card, Credit Card, National Insurance, and health cards etc. Unfortunately, these forms of ID only refer to the legal entity/fiction and not the living man or woman.

2. The Defendant was using statutory laws to target living men and women.

Once the legal entity/fiction has been accepted by a living man or woman, they are then bound by statutory rules. To put it another way, once you accept their slave name (e.g. MR ANTONIO MUREDDU) you are bound by their rules.



Common Law Courts Great Britain & International

The excuse used to justify their fraud is that once you accept their legal entity/fiction you become a citizen within their society.

It was then pointed out that the title citizen is a legal title (confirming you are a slave), the term society is also a legal term confirming that you are bound by state rules and the privileges that you are given, come at a cost. It should be remembered that you are already entitled to these privileges as a birth right, however the government/state do not make any money unless they get to charge for them.

3. The Defendant has abused the people unlawfully as he has instigated various crimes against the people of the land of éIRe, causing harm, loss and injury while using statutory legislation.

The government/state use the legal entity/fiction to enforce so called laws against living men and women. These so-called laws are not laws, as for them to become a law you have to consent to them.

4. Despite the fact that living men and women have the right to live freely, the Defendant is using intimidation and abusing his position with the use of force to trespass a private property and seize goods belonging to a living man, :Antonio-Maria:Mureddu.
5. The Defendant is using enforcement, to trespass of private property against a living man, causing him harm, loss and injury.

In relation to this issue, the Claimant referred to two documents which were submitted as evidence, the documents were the following:

- a) A letter received from Revenue, Limerick
- b) A letter received from Sheriff Office, Galway

The United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948

Article 4

No one shall be held in slavery or servitude; slavery and the slave trade shall be prohibited in all their forms.

Article 5

No one shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.



Common Law Courts Great Britain & International

Article 7

All are equal before the law and are entitled without any discrimination to equal protection of the law. All are entitled to equal protection against any discrimination in violation of this Declaration and against any incitement to such discrimination.

Article 12

No one shall be subjected to arbitrary interference with his privacy, family, home or correspondence, nor to attacks upon his honour and reputation. Everyone has the right to the protection of the law against such interference or attacks.

Article 13

1. Everyone has the right to freedom of movement and residence within the borders of each State.

2. Everyone has the right to leave any country, including his own, and to return to his country.

Article 20

2. No one may be compelled to belong to an association.

This confirms that the Defendant is guilty of failing to comply with this Declaration, he is guilty of binding the people into slavery and is guilty of causing harm, loss, and injury as a result.

6. The Defendant is guilty of causing harm, loss, and injury to the Claimant through the enforcement of unlawful legislation and attempted trespass on private property.

The use of statutory legislation is criminal, it is not lawful and despite the Defendant insistence, it is not law. For this legislation, to carry the force of law it requires consent.

By enforcing this legislation, the Defendant is binding the people into slavery, ruining the economy, running a police state, and causing harm, loss, and injury to the people.

7. The Defendant is guilty of causing harm, loss, and injury to :Antonio-Maria:Mureddu through the attempted trespassing on private property, seizing of private property and psychological abuse.

The statutory legislation is used to assist with binding the people into slavery.



Common Law Courts Great Britain & International

8. The Defendant is guilty of failing to acknowledge, to comply with or respect the authority of the people.

The state, government and statutory authorities receive their authority from the people, this fact has been established.

The position of living men and women has also been established with the declarations submitted to the Common Law Court.

By refusing to acknowledge the position of living men and women, the Defendant is binding the people into slavery.

The Defendant has established a police state which they are using to cause harm, loss, and injury.

In relation to the Statement of Claim and the supporting evidence presented this day by :Antonio-Maria:Mureddu on behalf of the people, we the Jury, consisting of twelve reasonably minded men and women and having considered all the evidence presented at this hearing, issue the following orders:

1. We the Jury issue an order which confirms that the Defendant is guilty and has acted unlawfully and criminally in relation to the following crimes:

An Abuse of Position

The Defendant, by his failure to obtain consent, authority and/or jurisdiction has committed harm, loss, and injury against the people and has used his position and statutory legislation to target an innocent living man.

The Defendant while abusing his position is also guilty of binding the people into slavery.

Criminal Coercion

The Defendant is guilty of the unlawful act of attempting to force living men and living women to do something, by way of accepting a legal fiction which they wished to attach to them.

The legal fictions (Fictitious Names) ownership has been established through the Common Law Court, the business ownership certificate is a court issued deed and has been established as a FACT IN LAW. This position had already been



Common Law Courts Great Britain & International

established as a fact during the following trial in Paisley Sheriff Court (Case Ref. PA18004245) and at a previous Common Law Court hearing.

Uttering

The Defendant is guilty of the crime uttering, of knowingly using forged and/or counterfeit documents to defraud. This includes the use of unlawful court orders, legislation, warrants and the legal fiction.

Note: The Declaration of the Common Law Court

‘We the people have inherent birth rights, established by our creator, which protect us from harm, loss and injury from others.’

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948

Fraud

The Defendant is guilty of the deliberate deception used to obtain an unlawful gain, this is applicable to the use of the legal fiction and the issues of authority and jurisdiction which had been taken, but not established.

Note

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948

Article 4

Failure to protect employment positions and/or qualifications

The Defendant is guilty of causing harm, loss, and injury through binding the people into slavery, the unlawful enforcement for their rules, intimidation, threats, and their failure to comply with common law and statutory legislation.

Having submitted their declaration of birth to the Common Law Court, living men and women are exempt for statutory rules, this is something that the Defendants are refusing to accept and/or acknowledge, bearing in mind that they work for the people.

The Plaintiff had confirmed earlier that slavery was never abolished, despite what we have been told. The people are still bound into slavery through the use of the legal fiction, but the state have simply disguised this fact. **This fraud is the largest crime in history, committed against people throughout the world.**



Common Law Courts Great Britain & International

Failure to accept the positions of a living man and woman

The Defendant is guilty of failing to acknowledge the position of a living man and living woman. The people have confirmed their standing as living men and living women by recording their declarations of birth with the Common Law Court, this also confirms that they stand under the authority and jurisdiction of the Common Law Court.

Note:

The Declaration of the Common Law Court

‘For many years now, men and women have been subjected to criminal and fraudulent behaviour by the state's actions which have been imposed upon us, against our will, by both criminal coercion and legal deception. Fear and fiction have thus combined to bind us into slavery.’

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948

Article 20

Refusal to comply with common law

Under common law, the Defendant is guilty and held personally accountable in their private capacity for their refusal to comply with common law and for the harm, loss, and injury caused.

The Defendant cannot hide behind the statutory system while being paid by the people.

Refusal to comply with statutory legislation

The Defendant is guilty of Malfeasance.

The Defendants work for corporations that have no authority over living men and living woman.

In proceeding with statutory legislation and enforcement, the Defendant has failed to identify the parties involved, a living men/women or legal fictions. There were NO IDENTIFIED PARTIES ESTABLISHED, NO AUTHORITY AND NO JURISDICTION OBTAINED.



Common Law Courts Great Britain & International

Note:

Contract Law

The failure to fully comply with the requirements for a lawful contract, voids any such contract from the beginning. The Defendants have failed to comply with the requirement for full disclosure.

The above facts confirmed that the use of statutory legislation against living men and women was unlawful.

Refusal to comply with United Nations Human Rights Charter 1948

The information above confirms that the Defendants are guilty of failing to comply with the above charter and in doing so have endangered their countries positions as signatories.

The Defendants in doing so are also guilty of committing crimes against the people.

Note

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948

Article 18

Everyone has the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion; this right includes freedom to change his religion or belief, and freedom, either alone or in community with others and in public or private, to manifest his religion or belief in teaching, practice, worship and observance.

2. **It is hereby ordered** that after a unanimous decision of the court, that the Defendant is to be removed from his existing position as a man acting as agent/sheriff, for the IRISH STATE.
3. **It is hereby ordered** after a unanimous decision of the court, that the Defendant will lose all benefits from acting in his position as an agent for the IRISH STATE.
4. We the Jury confirm that in requesting further orders, confirming that the Defendant was guilty of kidnapping and treason, these have not been granted as there was insufficient evidence provided to confirm this.

In the event that these orders are not complied with, the Common Law Court may take further action against the individual concerned, to enforce its decisions.



Common Law Courts Great Britain & International

These Court Orders are effective as of this date and will remain in force until such time as they have been enforced. These orders are issued under the authority of this Common Law Court and jus gentium, the Law of Nations.

IT IS SO ORDERED THIS 8th DAY OF JULY 2022 AT 11.00 AM, GMT

PRESIDING SHERIFF AND THE COURT SECRETARY OF THE COMMON LAW COURT, éIRE.

lester-james.[Gordon].

(Signature of the Sheriff)

Seane Patricia M. M. M.

(Signature of the Court Secretary)

Court Order: CO/BB/2022/003

