Notice

Irrevocable Removal of Implied Right of Access and Warning, No Trespass.

Notice to agent is notice to principal. Notice to principal is notice to agent.

- 1. Any and all access to this property is by invitation only, subject to terms & conditions available on written request. Unless you have written permission, you are trespassing.
- 2. You, your Principal and your Agents are deemed to have been served this Notice with immediate effect;
- 3. You are to provide proof of claim in Affidavit form under your full commercial liability, under penalty of perjury, and with personal liability, with proof of personal liability insurance, and public liability insurance.
- 4. Implied right of access is denied to any Police Constable or Police Officer acting for Corporate Police.
- 5. Implied right of access is denied to any employee, principal, agent, third party or representative acting on behalf of, or under the instruction of Her Majesty's Courts and Tribunals Service, the Courts of England & Wales, or any other corporate body, corporation, company, debt collection agency, howsoever named or denied.
- 6. Implied right of access is denied to any Police Constable, Police Officer, and or Public Servant, whose Oath of Office is noted as "to serve with fairness, integrity, diligence and impartiality, upholding fundamental human rights, and according equal respect to all people; and that I will, to the best of my power, cause the peace to be kept and preserved and prevent all offenses against people and property".
- 7. I have never had a contract with you. Any consent you believe you may have, tacit or otherwise, is withdrawn.
- 8. Any permission you believe you have from me is hereby withdrawn.
- 9. If you believe you have power of attorney to act on my behalf, you are fired.
- 10. If you enforce statute law, acts of parliament, or legislation, as a consequence of your actions, you will be reported to all relevant bodies, and charged and fined where possible, and also fined privately where possible.
- 11. England is within Common Law jurisdiction and any Noticed transgression will also be dealt with in Common Law.
- 12. There is a charge of nine thousand nine hundred fifty GBP, £9,950, per trespass and or violation of Notice of Trespass, Notice of Irrevocable Removal of Implied Right of Access, in accordance with the:

Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994.

- 61(4) If a person knowing that a direction under notice has been given to him
 - (a) fails to leave the land as soon as reasonably practicable, or
 - (b) having left again enters the land as a trespasser within the period of three months beginning on which from the day the direction was given verbally,
- 61(6) In proceedings for an offence under this section it is a defense for the accused to show that
 - (a) he was not trespassing on the land, or
 - (b) he had a reasonable excuse for failing to leave the land as soon as reasonably practicable or, as the case may be, for again entering the land as a trespasser.

Case Law: Morris v Beardmore [1980] 71 Cr App 256: A person ... told to leave is now under a duty to withdraw from the property with all due reasonable speed and failure to do so he is not thereafter acting in the execution of his duty and becomes a trespasser with any subsequent levy made being invalid, and invokes the liability for claim for damages.

13 Ignoring this lawful notice shall invoke Castle Doctrine, and reasonable force, up to and including deadly force shall be used to defend this home, its inhabitants, and their property. We will not be held liable for any injury or fatal injury.

Case Law: R. v Robert White 2022